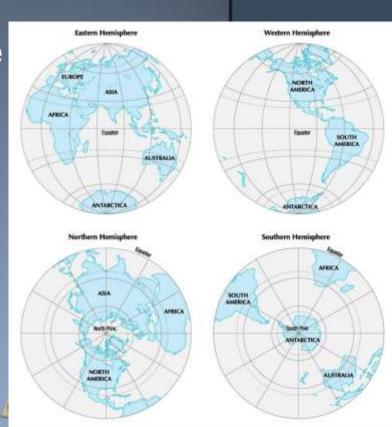
5 themes of Geography

- Location:
 - –Absolute: precise/exact:
 - Street address, latitude/longitude
 - Hemisphere: Hemi (half) sphere (circle)—Half circle
 - Latitude (parallels)---flatitude/ladder
 - Equator (0 degrees)
 - -Tropic of Cancer 23.5 degrees NORTH
 - Tropic of Capricorn23.5 degrees SOUTH



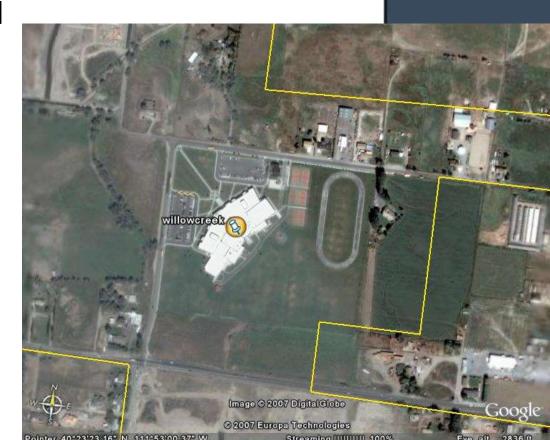
Location cont.

Longitude (meridians)

Prime Meridian –

Greenwich, England
(0 degrees)

Relative Location:-Where a place is in relation to another place.



Place: What is it like there?

- --physical features—(land, water, weather, soil, and plant and animal life)
 - Examples: Utah lake, Jordan river,
 Ocre mountains, desert
- --cultural (human) features (people's activities, religions, languages, and cultural backgrounds
 - Examples: neighborhoods, lehi roller mills, cabelas, legacy center, Christian, English, Caucasion

Human/Environmental Interaction: covers the ways people and environments interrelate with and affect each other.

- How the land is used? (DEPEND)
 - Water, food, shelter
- How the land or area is modified? How have we changed the land? (CHANGE)

 Houses, schools, pioneer crossing, less and less farmland

How have people adapted? (ADAPT)

--lighter clothes in the summer/ Heavier clothes in winter.

winter.

--road construction



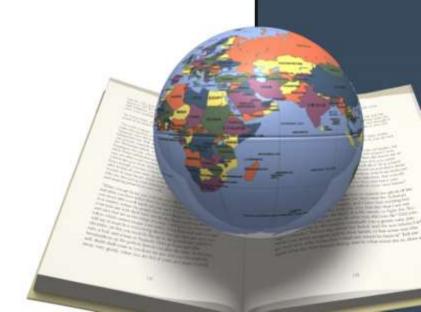




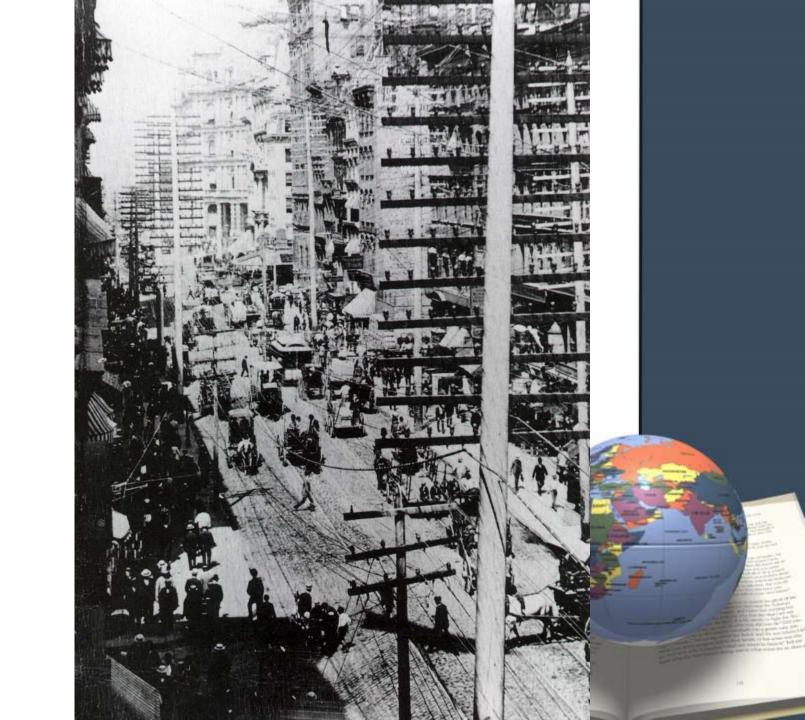


Movement

• GOODS, IDEAS, PEOPLE







Region

- Areas that share similar characteristics.
 - Rocky Mountain Region



Different types of Regions

- Formal Region- has one or more common features that make it different from surrounding areas.
- Functional Region- are made up of different places that are linked together and function as a unit.
 - Example a city transit system

Perceptual regions- reflect humans feelings and attitudes.

– example. "home"



THE END

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